

Transitions and logical relationships

Identify the relationship between sentences and select a transition that preserves the logic.



Reasoning at a glance

1. Relationship before wording

Read both sentences together. Decide whether the second adds, contrasts, explains a result or illustrates the first.

2. Addition

Moreover and furthermore add a related point. Similarly highlights a relevant similarity.

3. Contrast and concession

However marks contrast. Nevertheless and even so acknowledge a second fact despite the first.

4. Cause and result

Therefore and consequently introduce a result supported by the preceding information. Sequence alone does not prove causation.

5. Example and detail

For example illustrates a broader claim. Specifically narrows a general statement to a precise detail.

A common error

A familiar transition can still express the wrong relationship.

Prerequisites: Distinguish claims, examples and contrasts

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